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Examiner: A.M Lezak	•	
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Docket No 4482100002505/ Serial No.09/801, 114 Att	2: J. R.KEAFT	
Applicant: 6.F. Meres Ty CT	<u> </u>	
Transmittal Letter (2 copies) Certificate of	Facsimile	
Presiminary Amendment Notice of App	peal :	<u>.</u>
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PATENT 09/801,614

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of:

Group Art Unit: 2143

Gerald F. McBrearty et al.

Intellectual Property

Serial No: 09/801,614

Law Department - 4054

Filed: 03/08/2001

: International Business

Tatle: PROTECTING CONTENTS

Machines Corporation

OF COMPUTER DATA FILES FROM

11400 Burnet Road

SUSPECTED INTRUDERS BY

Austin, Texas 78758

PROGRAMMED FILE, DESTRUCTION

Customer No. 32,329

Date:

7/13/05

CERTIFICATE OF FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION

I hereby certify that this correspondence including the present Response after Final Rejection and accompanying Transmittal letter is being transmitted via facsimile to USPTO. Group Art Unit 2143 at telephone number 703-872-9306, and to the attention of Examiner A. M. Lezak on

1. B.KRAFT

Signature

7/13/03 Da/te/

Commissioner for Patents

P.O. Box 1450

Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

RESPONSE AFTER FINAL REJECTION

Sir:

The Examiner is respectfully requested to reconsider the Final Rejection of claims 1, 4, 5, 7, 10, 13, 14, 17, 20, 21, 24, 25, 27, and 30 as being unpatentable under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) over the combination of Schneck (US5,933,498) in view of Groshon (US6,351,811). These two references,

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neither singly or in combination suggest the specific implementation of the present invention for such data protection.

The present invention involves the recognition that in some systems, the data files may be so sensitive that the system may be programmed to have the requested files destroyed at the first unauthorized request for access to the file contents. Thus, the invention provides a very aggressive solution to the problem. It provides for storing for each of the plurality of data files at a network site, a backup file which is inaccessible to any user requests. Then, as soon as an initial unauthorized intrusion is determined, the requested data files are destroyed, and respective stored backup files are substituted for the destroyed files.

Representative claim 1 covers this novel combination of both elements:

*1. (currently amended) In a data processing operation having stored data in a plurality of data files, a system for protecting said data files from unauthorized users comprising:

means for storing for each of said plurality of data files, a backup file inaccessible to user requests:

means for receiving user requests for access to data files:

means for determining whether said requests are unauthorized intrusions into said requested data files;

means responsive to an initial determination that a request is unauthorized for destroying the requested data files; and

means for reloading a backup file for each destroyed

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The Examiner admits that Schneck does not teach storing for each of said plurality of data files, a backup file inaccessible to user requests. However, the Examiner has failed to note that Schneck also fails to disclose reloading a backup file for each destroyed file.

Thus, while Schenck has a general concern with whether data found to be corrupted by unauthorized intrusion should be destroyed, the reference fully fails to disclose the either element in Applicants' novel combination solution in response to such an intrusion.

The teachings in Groshon fail to make up for these deficiencies in the basic Schneck patent. While the Examiner has pointed to general statements in Groshon related to backup data files, and the additional security offered by such files, Groshon still fails to suggest Applicants' aggressive response to a detected unauthorized intrusion into a data file: there is stored for each data file, a backup file which is inaccessible to any user requests. Then, as soon as an unauthorized intrusion is initially determined, the requested data file is immediately destroyed, and stored backup file is substituted for the destroyed files.

Actually, the general statements in Groshon could lead one skilled in the art away from making the Examiner's proposed combination of elements. For example, Groshon (at col. 5, lines 34-38) states that there may be circumstances where compromised and suspect data may be transmitted and

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from Applicants' immediate solution of immediate destruction of the intruded data file, and the substitution of the stored backup file.

What the Examiner has done is used Applicants' disclosure as a guideline, and the picked and combined elements from each of the two references based solely of Applicants' teaching.

"To imbue one of ordinary skill in the art with knowledge of the invention in suit, when no prior art references of record convey nor suggest that knowledge, is to fall victim to the insidious effect of a hindsight syndrome wherein that which only the inventor taught is used against its teacher." W. L. Gore, 721 F 2d at 1553, 220 USPQ, pp. 312-313.

"One cannot use hindsight reconstruction to pick and choose among isolated disclosures in the prior art to deprecate the claimed invention." In re Fine, 5 USPQ 2d 1596 (C.A.F.C.) 1988.

Accordingly, it is submitted that the suggestion for combining Schneck with Groshon in the manner proposed by the Examiner could only come from Applicants' own teaching, and, thus, cannot form any basis for a combination of references.

Furthermore, even if the elements from Schneck and croshon were to be combined in the manner suggested by Examiner, the combination would still lack significant elements of the combination of the present invention i.e. There is 1) stored for each data file, a backup file which is inaccessible to any user requests. Then, as soon as an AUS920000935US1

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unauthorized intrusion is initially determined, the requested data file is immediately destroyed, and stored backup file is substituted for the destroyed files.

In view of the foregoing, claims 1, 4, 5, 7, 10, 13, 14, 17, 20, 21, 24, 25, 27, and 30 are submitted to be in condition for allowance, and such allowance is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

Attorney for Applicants Registration No. 19,226 (312) 478-2303

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